## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 11, 14, 16, 25-29, 34-36, and 38.

Please amend claim 30 as follows;

In claim 30, in the penultimate line, please delete "and compare."

Please add new claims 39-50 as indicated below:

-39. A\peptide nucleic acid conjugate of the formula:

Sup

Q Cm Cm Cm C B D

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wherein:

m is an integer from 1 to about 50;

L and  $L_m$  independently are  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$  wherein:

R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate; provided that at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring

nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup>\is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

C and  $C_m$  independently are  $(CR^6R^7)_v$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$ ,  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

wherein  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl; and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy,

alkylthio or amino;

D and  $D_m$  independently are  $(CR^6R^{\uparrow})_z$ ;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, wherein the sum y + z is greater than 2 but not more than 10;

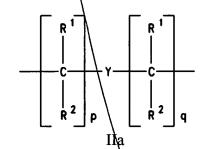
 $G_m$  is independently -NR<sup>3</sup>CO-, -NR<sup>3</sup>CS-\ -NR<sup>3</sup>SO-, or -NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- in either orientation;

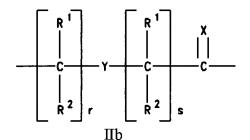
each pair of  $A-A_m$  and  $B-B_m$  are selected such that:

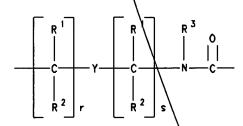
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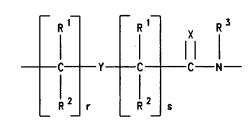
(a) A or  $A_m$  is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B or  $B_m$  is N or  $R^3N^+$ ; or

(b) A or  $A_m$  is a group of formula (IId) and B or  $A_m$  is CH;









/ Z where

IIc

IId

wherein:

X is O, S, Se, NR<sup>3</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub>\or C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

Y is a single bond, O, or NR4;

each of p and q is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

each of r and s is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxysubstituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkoxy-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

I is -NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup> or -NR<sup>10</sup>C(O)R<sup>11</sup>; wherein:

 $R^8$ ,  $R^9$ ,  $R^{10}$  and  $R^{11}$  independently are hydrogen, alkyl, an

amino protecting group, a reporter ligand, an

intercalator, a chelator, a peptide, a protein, a carbohydrate, a lipid, a steroid, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, a nucleotide diphosphate, a nucleotide triphosphate, an oligonucleotide, an oligonucleoside, a soluble polymer, a non-soluble polymer or a conjugate; , -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>9</sup>, -CONR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>, -SO<sub>3</sub>H, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup> or an

Q is  $-CO_2H$ ,  $-CO_2R^8$ ,  $-CO_2R^9$ ,  $-CONR^8R^9$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{10}R^{11}$  or an activated derivative of  $-CO_2H$  or  $-SO_3H$ ; and

wherein:

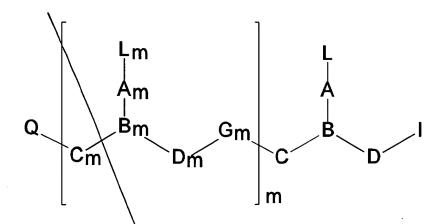
at least one of Q and I comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

at least one of A, A<sub>m</sub>, L, and L<sub>m</sub> comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers;

wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety; and

wherein at least one of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  or  $R^3$  is a conjugate.

<sup>40.</sup> A peptide nucleic acid conjugate of the formula:



wherein:

m is an integer from 1 to about 50;

L and  $L_m$  independently are  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$  wherein:

 $R^{12}$  is hydrogen, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate; provided that at least one of  $R^{12}$  is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and
a is 0 or 1;

C and  $C_m$  independently are  $(CR^6R^7)_y$ ; whereix:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$ 

alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ 

F. 2

alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$ ,  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

-7-

wherein  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl; and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino;

D and  $D_m$  independently are  $(CR^6R^7)_z$ ;

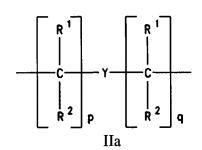
each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, wherein the sum y + z is greater than 2 but not more than 10;

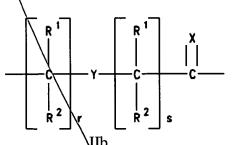
 $G_m$  is independently -NR<sup>3</sup>CO-, -NR<sup>3</sup>CS-, -NR<sup>3</sup>SO-, or -NR<sup>3</sup>SO<sub>2</sub>- in either orientation;

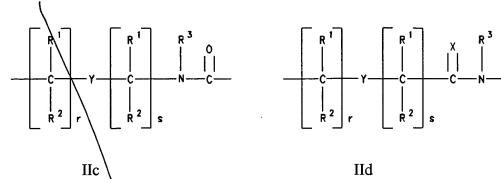
each pair of  $A-A_m$  and  $B-B_m$  are selected such that:

(a) A or  $A_m$  is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B or  $B_m$  is N or  $R^3N^+$ ; or

(b) A or  $A_m$  is a group of formula (IId) and B or  $B_m$  is CH;







wherein:

X is O, S, Se $\setminus$  NR<sup>3</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub> or C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR4;

each of p and q is zero or an integer from 1 to 5; each of r and s is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxysubstituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkoxy-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

I is -NR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup> or -NR<sup>10</sup>C(O)R<sup>1</sup>; wherein:

R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> independently are hydrogen, alkyl, an amino protecting group, a reporter ligand, an intercalator, a chelator, a peptide, a protein, a carbohydrate, a lipid, a steroid, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, a nucleotide diphosphate, a nucleotide triphosphate, an oligonucleotide, an oligonucleoside, a soluble polymer, a non-soluble polymer or a conjugate;

Q is  $-CO_2H$ ,  $-CO_2R^8$ ,  $-CO_2R^9$ ,  $-CONR^8R^9$ ,  $-SO_3H$   $-SO_2NR^{10}R^{11}$  or an

activated derivative of -CO2H or -SO3H; and

wherein:

FZ

at least one of Q and I comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

at least one of A,  $A_m$ , L, and  $L_m$  comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers;

wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety;

wherein at least one of  $R^8$ ,  $R^{9} \nearrow R^{10}$  and  $R^{11}$  is a conjugate.

41. A peptide nucleic acid conjugate of the formula:

wherein:

 $E_{2}$  and

m is an integer from 1 to about 50;

L and  $L_m$  independently are  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$  wherein:

naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate; provided that at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

C and  $C_m$  independently are  $(CR^6R^7)_v$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$ ,  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

wherein  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,

 $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-

F- Z

substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino;

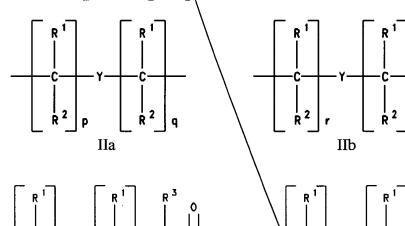
D and D<sub>m</sub> independently are (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>z</sub>;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, wherein the sum y + z is greater than 2 but not more than 10;

 $G_m$  is independently -NR^3CO-, -NR^3CS-, -NR^3SO-, or -NR^3SO\_2- in either orientation;

each pair of  $A-A_m$  and  $B-B_m$  are selected such that:

- (a) A or  $A_m$  is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B or  $B_m$  is N or  $R^3N^+$ ; or
  - (b) A or  $A_m$  is a group of formula (IId) and B or  $B_m$  is CH;



GN

IIc

wherein:

X is O, S, Se,  $NR^3$ ,  $CH_2$  or  $C(CH_3)_2$ ;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR4;

each of p and q is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

IId

each of r and s is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;  $R^1 \text{ and } R^2 \text{ independently are hydrogen, } (C_1-C_4) \text{ alkyl, hydroxysubstituted } (C_1-C_4) \text{ alkyl, alkoxy-substituted } (C_1-C_4) \text{ alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;}$ 

I is  $-NR^8R^9$  or  $\sqrt{-NR^{10}C(0)R^{11}}$ ; wherein:

R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> independently are hydrogen, alkyl, an amino protecting group, a reporter ligand, an intercalator a chelator, a peptide, a protein, a carbohydrate, a lipid, a steroid, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, a nucleotide diphosphate, a nucleotide triphosphate, an oligonucleotide, an oligonucleoside, a soluble polymer, a non-soluble polymer or a conjugate;

Q is  $-CO_2H$ ,  $-CO_2R^8$ ,  $-CO_2R^9$ ,  $-CO_2R^9$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-SO_2NR^{10}R^{11}$  or an activated derivative of  $-CO_2H$  or  $-SO_3H$ ; and

wherein:

at least one of Q and I comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

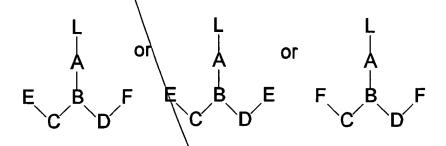
at least one of A,  $A_m$ , L, and  $L_m$  comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving

complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers;

wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety; and

wherein at least one of  $R^3$   $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  is a conjugate.

42. A peptide nucleic acid conjugate of formula:



wherein:

L is  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$ ; wherein:

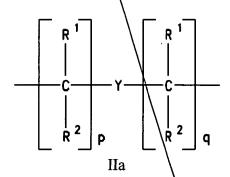
R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

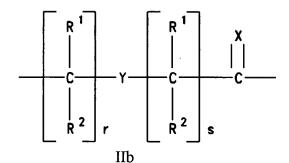
R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and

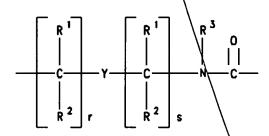
a is 0 or 1;

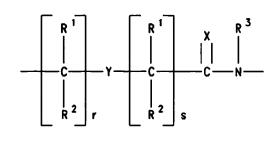
A and B are selected such that:

- (a) A is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B is N or  $\mathbb{R}^3\mathbb{N}^+$ ; or
  - (b) A is a group of formula (IId) and B is CH;









IIc

 $\Pi d$ 

where:

X is O, S, Se,  $NR^3$ ,  $CH_2$  or  $C(CH_3)_2$ ;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR4;

p and q independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

r and s independently are zerd or an integer from 1 to 5;

 $R^1 \ and \ R^2 \ independently \ are \ hydrogen, \ (C_1-C_4) \ alkyl, \ hydroxysubstituted \ (C_1-C_4) \ alkyl, \ alkoxy-substituted \ (C_1-C_4) \ alkyl, \ alkylthio-substituted \ (C_1-C_4) \ alkyl, \ hydroxy, \ alkoxy, \ alkylthio,$ 

amino, halogen or a conjugate;

C is  $(CR^6R^7)_y$ ;

D is  $(CR(R^7)_z)$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, analkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino; and  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

E independently is COOH, CSOH, SOOH, SO<sub>2</sub>OH or an activated or protected derivative thereofy

F independently is NHR<sup>3</sup> or NPgR<sup>3</sup>, where Pg is an amino protecting group; or

F comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

at least one of A and L comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a

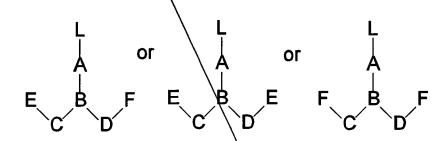
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phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers; and wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety;

and

wherein at least one group R3 is a conjugate.

43. A peptide nucletc acid conjugate of formula:



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wherein:

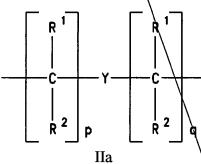
L is  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$ ; wherein:

R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

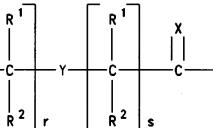
 $R^{13}$  is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

A and B are selected such that:

- (a) A is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B is N or  $R^3N^+$ ; or
  - (b) A is a group of formula (IId) and B is CH;



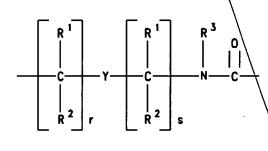
 $\begin{bmatrix} -C \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{bmatrix}$ 



Πb

IId

60



IIc

\

where:

X is O, S, Se,  $NR^3$ ,  $CH_2$  or  $C(CH_3)_2$ ;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR<sup>4</sup>

p and q independently are zero of an integer from 1 to 5;

r and s independently are zero or \an integer from 1 to 5;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy-

substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkoxy-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl,

alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

C is  $(CR^6R^7)^{1/3}$ ;

D is  $(CR^6R^7)_{2}$  wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino; and  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

E independently is COOH, CSOH, SOOH, SO2OH or an activated or protected derivative thereof;

F independently is NHR<sup>3</sup> or NPgR<sup>3</sup>, where Pg is an amino protecting group; or

F comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an

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alkylator; or

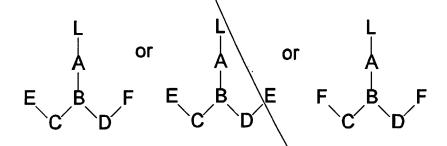
at least one of A and L comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers; and wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety;

and

wherein at least one of said groups A or said groups B include a conjugate.

EN

44. A peptide nucleic adid conjugate of formula:



wherein:

L is  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$ ; wherein:

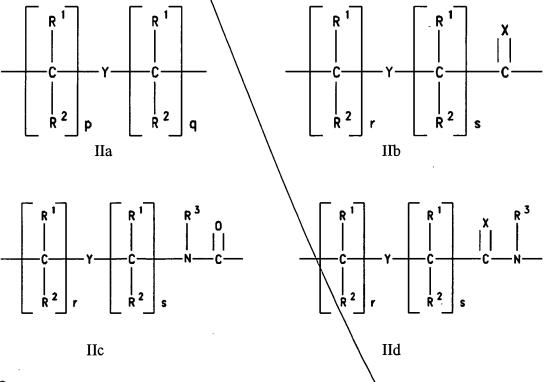
R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a

reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

A and B are selected such that:

- (a) A is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B is N or  $R^3N^+$ ; or
  - (b) A is a group of\formula (IId) and B is CH;



where:

X is O, S, Se,  $NR^3$ ,  $CH_2$  or  $C(CH_3)_2$ ;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR4;

p and q independently are zero or an integet from 1 to 5;

r and s independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxysubstituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkoxy-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

C is  $(CR^6R^7)_{v}$ ;

D is  $(CR^6R^7)_z$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino; and  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

E independently is COOH, CSOH, SOOH, SO2OH or an activated or protected derivative thereof;

F independently is NHR<sup>3</sup> or NPgR<sup>3</sup>, where Pg is an amino protecting group; or

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F comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

at least one of A and L comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers; and wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety;

and

wherein at least one of group R<sup>1</sup> or group R<sup>2</sup> is a conjugate.

45. A peptide nucleic acid\conjugate of formula:

wherein:

L is R<sup>12</sup>(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>a</sub>; wherein:

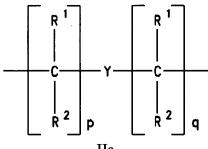
 $R^{12}$  is hydrogen, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R12 is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

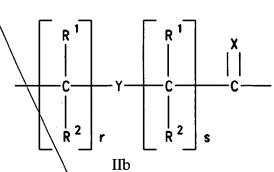
A and B are selected such that:

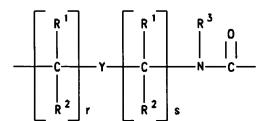
A is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B is N or  $R^3N^+$ ; or

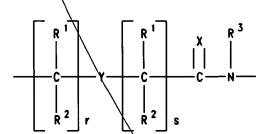
(b) A is a group of formula (IId) and B is CH;











where:

X is  $\setminus$ 0, S, Se, NR<sup>3</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub> or C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR4;

p and q\independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

r and s independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxysubstituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkoxy-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

C is (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>v</sub>;

D is  $(CR^6R^7)_z$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino; and  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;



E independently is COOH, CSOH, SOOH, SO<sub>2</sub>OH or an activated or protected derivative thereof;

F independently is NHR<sup>3</sup> or NPgR<sup>3</sup>, where Pg is an amino protecting group; or

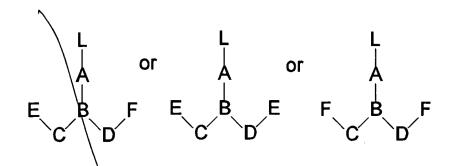
F comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

at least one of A and L comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers; and wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety;

and

wherein at least one of  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , and  $R^7$  is a conjugate.

46. A peptide nucleic acid conjugate of formula:



wherein:

L is  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$ ; wherein:

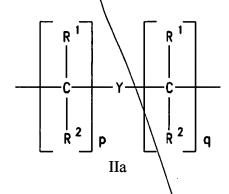
 $R^{12}$  is hydrogen, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of  $R^{12}$  is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

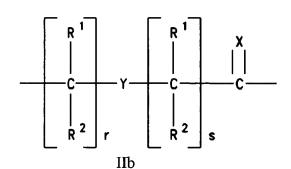
R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

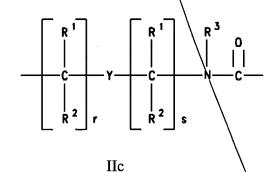
A and B are selected such that:

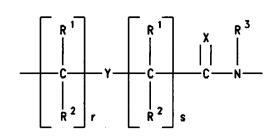
- (a) A is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B is N or  $R^3N^{\dagger}$ ; or
  - (b) A is a group of formula (IId) and B is CH;

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IId

where:

FR

X is O, S, Se,  $NR^3$ ,  $CH_2$  or  $C(CH_3)_2$ ;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR4;

p and q independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

r and s independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

 $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxysubstituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkoxy-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

C is  $(CR^6R^7)_y$ ;

D is  $(CR^6R^7)_z$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$ 

C<sub>6</sub>) alkylthio, a conjugate, NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> and SR<sup>5</sup> or R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino; and  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

E independently is COOH, CSOH, SOOH, SO<sub>2</sub>OH or an activated or protected derivative thereof;

F independently is  $NHR^3$  or  $\backslash NPgR^3$ , where Pg is an amino protecting group; or

F comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

at least one of A and L comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected

from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers; and
 wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking
moiety; and

wherein at least one of said groups C or said groups D include a conjugate.

47. A peptide nucleic acid conjugate comprising a plurality of PNA monomers wherein at least one of said PNA monomers has the formula:

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or formula: 
$$\begin{array}{c} L \\ CH_2)_1 \\ O \\ NR^3 \\$$

L is R<sup>12</sup>(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>a</sub>; wherein:

R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

K is  $(CR^6R^7)_z$ ;

J is  $(CR^6R^7)_y$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are independently hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino;  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum

y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10

R2

1 is an integer from 1 to 5; and

at least one of L and R3 comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers;

wherein said conjugate\optionally includes a linking moiety; and

wherein at least one of  $R^3 \setminus R^4$ ,  $R^5$ ,  $R^6$ , and  $R^7$  is a conjugate.

A peptide nucleic acid conjugate comprising a plurality of PNA monomers wherein at least one of said PNA monomers has the formula:

(L)

-33-

ОН

\_\_\_\_\_

or formula:

62

or formula:

CH<sub>2</sub>) I

L is  $R^{12}(R^{13})_{av}$  wherein:

R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>) alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; \and

a is 0 or 1;

K is  $(CR^6R^7)_z$ ;

J is  $(CR^6R^7)_v$ ; wherein:

E2

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are independently hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino;  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

1 is an integer from 1 to 5; and

at least one of L and R3 comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers;

wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety; and

EZ

wherein at least one of said group K or said group J includes a conjugate.

INS 7

49. A peptide nucleic acid conjugate comprising a plurality of PNA monomers wherein at least one of said PNA monomers has the formula:

ОН

OH

CH<sub>2</sub>) <sub>I</sub>

(CH<sub>2</sub>) <sub>I</sub>

NR3

H<sub>2</sub>N

NR<sup>3</sup>

or formula:

or formula:

wherein:

L is R<sup>12</sup>(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>a</sub>; wherein:

R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

K is  $(CR^6R^7)_z$ ;

J is  $(CR^6R^7)_v$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are independently hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy- or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino;  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio- substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum

y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

KZ

1 is an integer from 1 to 5; and

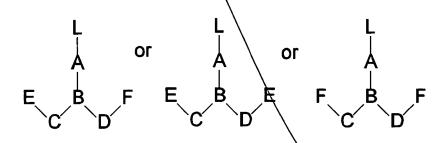
at least one of L and R3 comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell
receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble
vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a
metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric
compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and
polyethers;

wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety; and

wherein said group  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is a conjugate.

50. A compound having one of the following formulas:





wherein:

L is R<sup>12</sup>(R<sup>13</sup>)<sub>a</sub>; wherein:

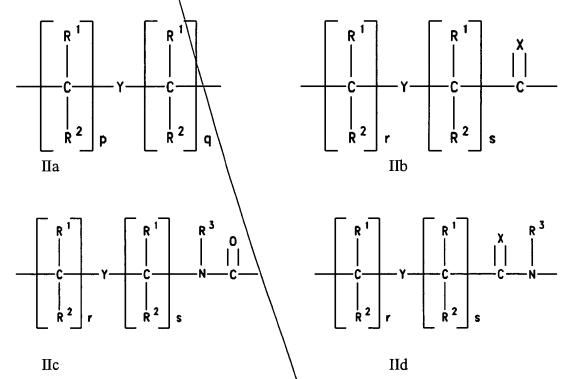
 $R^{12}$  is hydrogen, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkanoxl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobase-binding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a

reporter ligand, or a conjugate and at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, a DNA intercalator, or a nucleobase-binding group;

R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and a is 0 or 1;

A and B are selected such that:

- (a) A is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B is N or  $R^3N^{\dagger}$ ; or
  - (b) A is a group of formula (IId) and B is CH;



where:

X is O, S, Se,  $NR^3$ ,  $CH_2$  or  $C(CH_8)_2$ ;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR4

p and q independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

r and s independently are zero or an integer from 1 to 5;  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxysubstituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkoxy-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

C is  $(CR^6R^7)_{y}$ ;

D is  $(CR^6R^7)_{2}$ ; wherein:

 $R^6$  and  $R^6$  independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid,  $(C_2-C_6)$  alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkoxy,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkylthio, a conjugate,  $NR^3R^4$  and  $SR^5$  or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  independently are hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy or alkoxy- or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_4)$  alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino; and  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl, hydroxy-, alkoxy-, or alkylthio-substituted  $(C_1-C_6)$  alkyl;

each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, the sum y + z being greater than 2 but not more than 10;

E independently is COOH, CSOH, SO<sub>2</sub>OH or an activated or protected derivative thereof;

F independently is NHR<sup>3</sup> or NPgR<sup>3</sup>, where Pg is an amino

E2

F comprises a conjugate selected from a terpene, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

at least one of A and L comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a crosslinking agent a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, an alkylator, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers; and wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety.--

EZ

## Remarks

Claims 1, 5, 8-16, 18-20, and 22-38 are pending in the application. Claims 1, 5, 8-16, 18-20, and 22-38 have been indicated to be allowable. Claims 11, 14, 16, 25-29, 34-36, and 38 have been canceled. Claim 30 has been amended, and new claims 39-50 have been added. No new matter has been added.

After entry of the proposed amendment, claims 1, 5, 8-16, 18-20, 22-37, and 39-50 will be pending.